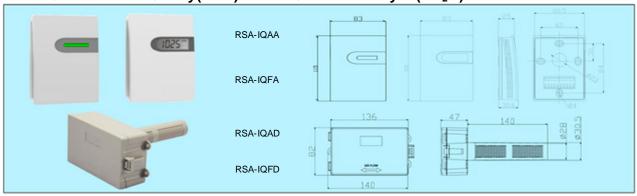
RSA-IQA Indoor Air Quality(VOC)/ RSA-IQF Formaldehyde(CH₂O) Transmitter/Controller



- RSA-IQAA/RSA-IQAD are especially designed for detect various air contaminants(VOCs) in air contents including wood, paint and others produced by toluene, cigarette, ammonia odor, CO, alcohol, natural gas and even body smell. While RSA-IQFA / RSA-IQFD are specific only for CH2O in air
- RSA-IQAA /RSA-IQFA are for room and RSA-IQAD/RSA-IQFD are for duct mount, light and state of art housing, easy
- RSA-IQAA/RSA-IQAD use high sensitive metal oxide semiconductor gas sensor, with up to 5~7 years sensor life
 RSA-IQFA / RSA-IQFD use high performance electrochemical
- gas sensor, with more than 3 years sensor life
- All sensors are low power consumption with good temperature and humidity compensation
- Power and outputs have over voltage and reverse polarity protection, high reliability and anti-interference capability
- All electrical terminals are on the inside bottom, avoid any possible destroy to PCB when wiring(RSA-IQAA/RSA-IQFA)
- Special designéd bright multi-color light bar, indicating différent air quality status RSA-IQAA/RSA-IQFA)

Specifications

Sensor: VOC: High performance metal oxide semiconductor sensor

CH₂O: High performance electrochemical sensor

Power: 16~28VAC/16~35VDC

Range: VOC: 0~2000ppm equivalent CO₂; CH₂O: 0~1000ppb

Accuracy: CH₂O: ± 10%FS@25°C

Output: 0~10VDC/4~20mA (default), RS485/Modbus

Display (IAQW/IAQFW): Optional LED green/yellow/red air quality indication; Or optional LCD display with unit

and green/yellow/red backlight

Load resistance: ≤500Ω (Current output), ≥2kΩ (Voltage output)

Relay: 1×SPST, 3A/30VDC, 3A/250VAC

Warm up time: 15 min

Working environment: 0~50°C, 0~95%RH (Non-cond.)

Storage temperature: -20~60°C

Housing: ABS+PC (IAQW/IAQFW), fireproof ABS (IAQD/IAQFD) Protection: IP30 (IAQW/IAQFW), IP65 (IAQD/IAQFD) Weight: RSA-IQAA/ RSA-IQFA:190g, IAQD/

IAQFD:395g Approval: CE Models

	RSA-IQAA				Room VOC transmitter/controller
Model	RSA-IQAD				Duct mount VOC transmitter/controller
	RSA-IQFA RSA-IQFD				Room CH ₂ O transmitter/controller
					Duct mount CH2O transmitter/controller
Trans./		0			N/A
Com.		1			4~20mA/0~10VDC
Output		8			RS485/Modbus
Relay			0		N/A
Output			1		1*SPST
Display				0	N/A
(IAQW)				1	LED, Green/Yellow/Red
(170,01)				2	LCD, with G/Y/R backlight

The 3 options should not be "0" at the same time.

1. VOC is a general term for all kinds of Volatile Organic Compounds, which may include over a thousand kinds of component. The most common are benzene, toluene and xylene, ethyl benzene, styrene, formaldehyde, TVOC (6-16 carbon alkanes, ketones). These compounds are widely used in footwear, toys, paints and inks, adhesives, cosmetics, indoor and automotive decorative materials and other industrial fields. VOC has a great impact on human health, may affect the human liver, kidney, brain and nervous system, resulting in memory loss and other serious consequences, and even cause cancer.

Outdoor VOC comes mainly from the combustion of fuel and transport. Indoor VOC comes mainly from coal and natural gas combustion products, smoking, heating and cooking, building and decoration materials, furniture, household appliances, cleaning agents and human body discharge.

- 2. The VOC sensor could detect varies of VOC components. measurement range 0~1000ppb (isobutene), equivalent to 400~2000ppm of carbon dioxide. Its 0~10V/4~20mA output is equivalent to CO_2 concentration of 0~2000ppm, with good long term stability, consistency and repeatability <10%
- The CH₂O sensor could detect Formaldehyde of 0~1000ppb.
- 4. Researches show that exposed to 0.5~1.0 ppm VOC concentration environment have little impact on most people health; exposed to 1.0~10 ppm VOC concentration environment have obvious eyes, skin, nose, mouth and throat irritation symptoms on human and cancer rates rise 50% to 90%; exposed to the VOC concentration above 10 ppm may have serious impact on human health or life threatening.
- 5. GB/T18883 and GB50325 IAQ regulations specified the average 8 hours TVOC limit 0.50~0.60 mg/m³ (equivalent to about 500 ppb) and CH₂O limit 0.08~0.10 mg/m³ (equivalent to about 60-75 ppb).

VOC concentration guidelines and recommendations

(Mainly refer formaldehyde for reference)								
Source	Concentration	Associated Period of Exposure	Health Effect(s)					
Based on sensory irritation								
California Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	44 ppb	1 hour	Eye and airway irritation					
Health Canada	100 ppb	1 hour	Eye irritation					
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	100 ppb	15 minute						
Occupational Safety and Health administration	750 ppb	8-hour PEL-TWA	Cancer and skin/eye/ respiratory irritation					
World Health Organization	81 ppb	30 minute	Sensory irritation					
World Health Organization	100 ppb	short-and long- term	Sensory irritation					
Based on respiratory and asthma-like symptoms								
Agency for Toxic Substance and Disease Registry	40 ppb 30 ppb 8 ppb	Daily:1-14 days 15-364 days > 1 year	Respiratory					
California EPA	7 ppb 7 ppb	8-hour annual average	Respiratory symptoms Respiratory symptoms					
Health Canada	40 ppb (target)	8 hour	Respiratory symptoms in children					
Based on cancer risk								
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	16 ppb	8 hour	Nasal cancer					
Occupational Safety and Health administration	750 ppb	8-hour PEL-TWA	Cancer and skin/eye/ respiratory irritation					
World Health Organization	100 ppb	Long-term	Nasal cancer					